

PAC Landscape Subcommittee

November 21, 2019

Purpose of Meeting

- Section 106 Meeting Follow-up
- Review methodology of landscape assessment in the Environmental Document





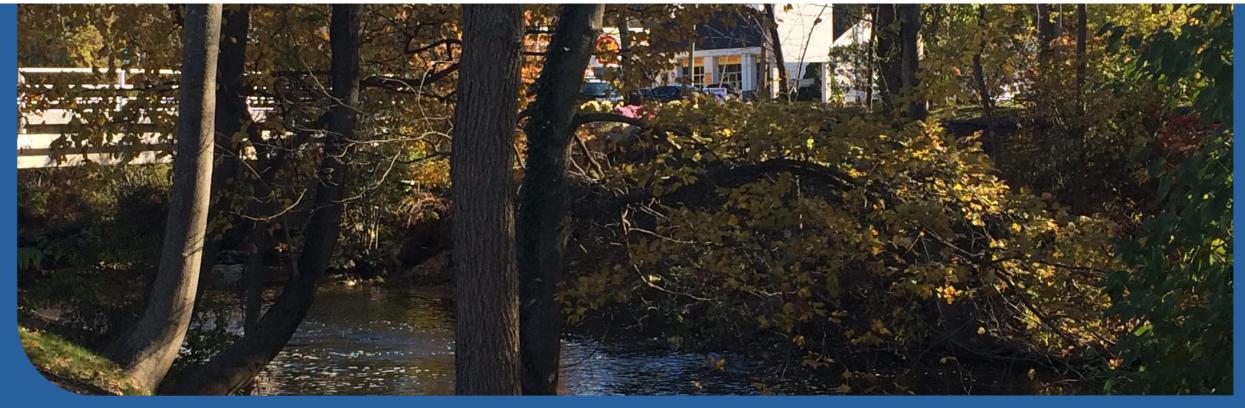
AGENDA

- 1. Introductions
- 2. Section 106 Consulting Parties Meeting
- 3. Phase I/II Public Report Revisions
- 4. Landscape: Past Guiding Principles
- 5. Existing Project Corridor Visual Environment
- 6. Proposed Approach for Evaluation of Alternatives
- 7. Next Steps





Section 106 Consulting Parties Meeting





Consulting Parties meeting (May 2019)

- Provided overview of above-ground cultural resources
- Presented overview of archaeological resources
- Consulting Parties provided feedback







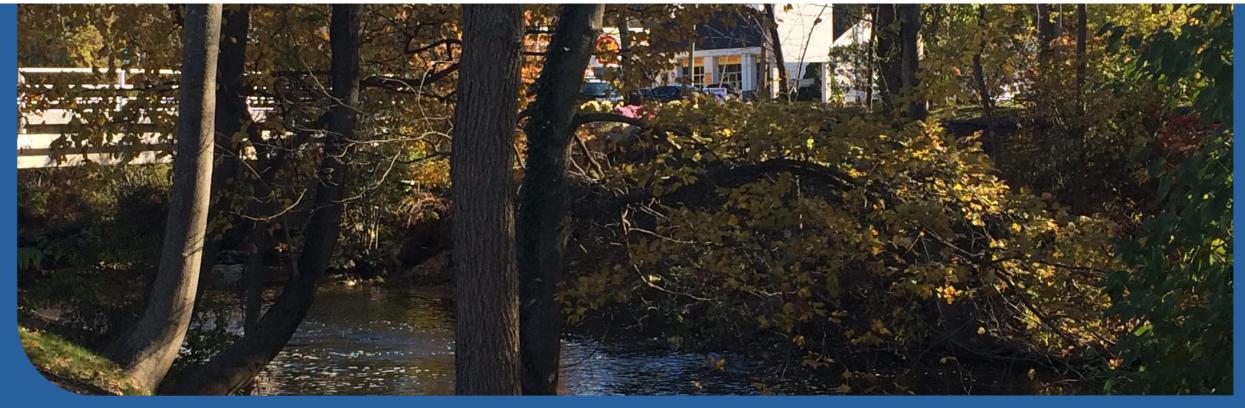
What We Heard

- Provide insights into how the previous project compared to current alternatives
- Need to expand cultural landscape inventory/documentation
 - To inform design (when time comes)
 - Characteristics are integrated going forward





Phase I/II Public Report Revisions





Revisions to the Phase I/II Public Report

- VIAA/APE development
- Air quality, traffic & vibration impacts
- National Register status of Silvermine Avenue district
- Expanded inventory of historic characterdefining landscape features and integrity
- Developed proposed assessment criteria for design alternatives





Revisions to the Phase I/II Public Report (cont.)

Expanded inventory of Merritt Parkway's historic character-defining features:

- Roadway Width
- Alignment

- Views
- Bridges

- Medians and verges
- Plantings

- Signage
- Guiderails

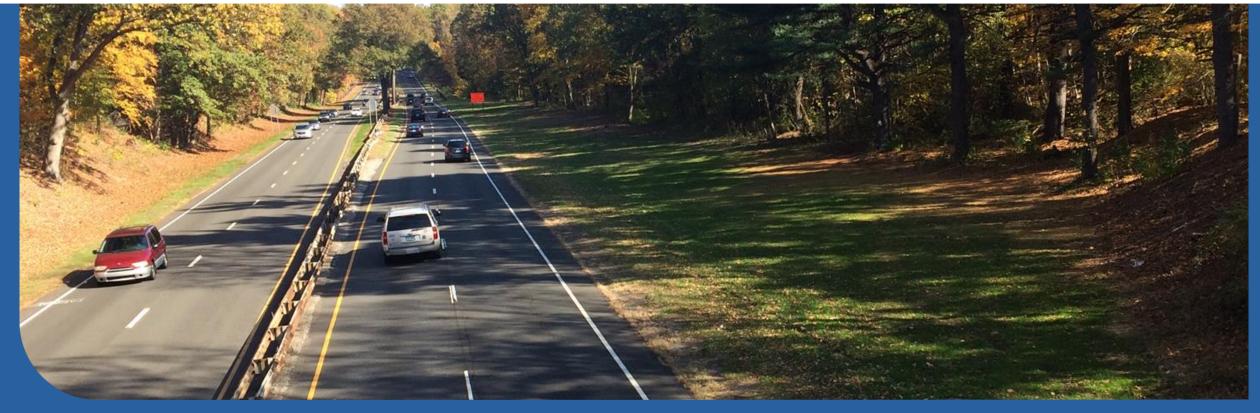








Landscape: Past Guiding Principles





Criteria Process Development

Review of Previous Documents/Guidelines



Initial Landscape Workshop



Understanding Current Setting



Assessment Matrix Development

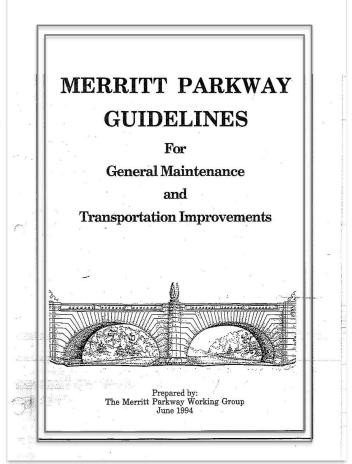


Guiding Documents

- Merritt Parkway
 Guidelines
- Merritt Parkway
 Landscape Master Plan
- Merritt Parkway
 Conservation and
 Restoration Plan: Bridge
 Restoration Guide



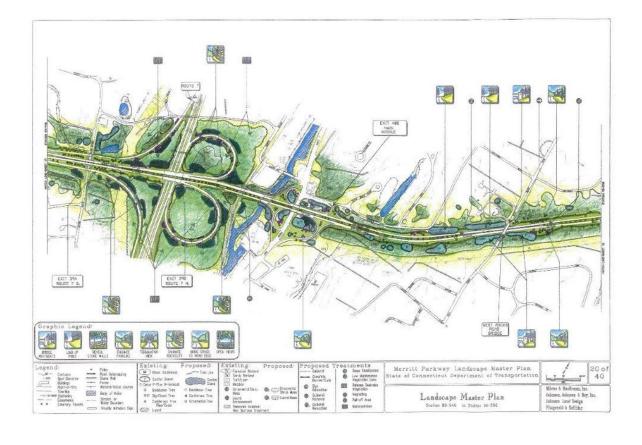
A LANDSCAPE MASTER PLAN FOR THE MERRITT PARKWAY





Merritt Parkway Landscape Master Plan (1994)

Re-establish the quality of the landscape as it existed at the Parkway's peak (*in the 1950's and 60's*). To achieve a park-like quality...





Master Plan (1994) | Design Goals

- Reinforce and re-establish the variety and modulation of the spatial experience by contrasting the mature forest with open lawns and meadows.
- Manipulate both terminating and leading views through screening, framing, and filtering by the addition
 of mass vegetation in some instances and thinning or removing overgrown vegetation in others.
- Provide additional vegetation to further enhance the vertical and horizontal alignment of the roadway and further enhance areas of overhead canopy.
- Bring the landscape closer to the Parkway edge while recognizing the required standard of safety.
- Keep new plantings in context with the surrounding landscape character and plant communities to provide consistency across the entire right-of-way and the median.
- Provide seasonal color through the massing of plants.
- Provide for a consistent treatment for the median including plant material, grasses, barriers, and guiderails.
- Provide consistency in detailing, signage, and other elements contributing to the landscape.

Landscape Workshop (September 2018)









What we heard

Most appealing

 Views of the natural environment and unique architecture, traffic calming effect of the Parkway and the plant variety and visibility

Least appealing

 Glover Avenue Apartments and the existing construction staging areas along with non-original bridges

Most important features

Views, bridges, scale and natural resources

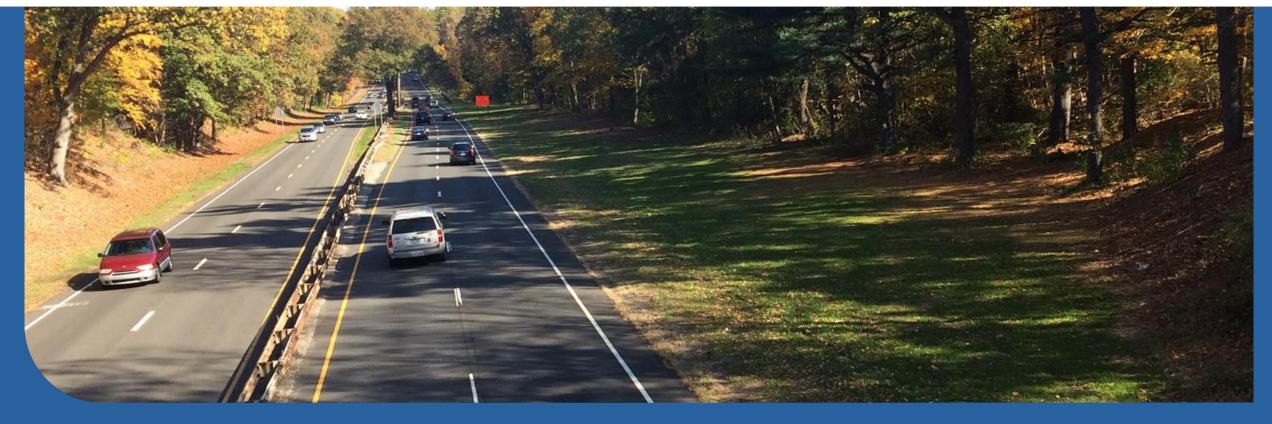






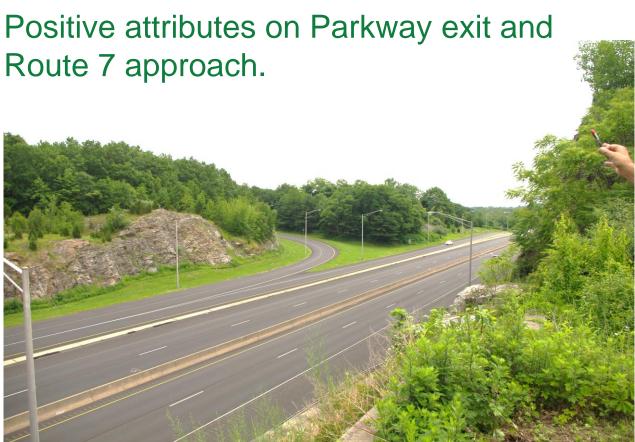


Existing Project Corridor Visual Environment











Existing Setting



Parkway bridge lacks Parkway attributes.





Existing Setting



Parkway bridge and access ramp approach lack Parkway attributes.





























Existing Setting



Ledge characterizes the Parkway/Route 7 interchange.





Existing Setting



Topography constrains maintenance access. View of Parkway bridge is obstructed.





Existing Setting



Modern light fixtures visible from Parkway. Ramp proximity to Parkway. Lack Parkway amenities.





Existing Setting



Compromised view of Parkway bridge.

















Existing Setting



Staging area imposes on Parkway. Diminished landscape on Parkway surrounds.





Existing Setting



Depleted plant massing.





Existing Setting



Development encroachment. Buffers diminished.





Existing Setting



Landscape enclosure. Access constrained to steep slopes in right-of-way.





Existing Setting

Commercial encroachment. Lack of buffer.







Existing Setting

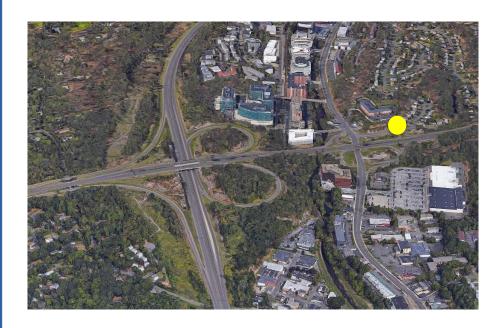


Invasive vegetation and imposing overhead utilities.





Existing Setting



Deciduous buffer with invasive species.





Existing Setting



Characteristic landscape attributes on Parkway access ramp.





Existing Setting



Parkway bridge approach lacks distinction.





Existing Setting



Access for maintenance constrained.





Existing Setting



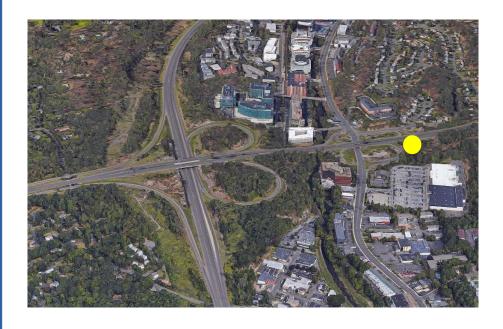
Obscured view of Norwalk River Bridge.





Existing Setting

Mature canopy in decline.

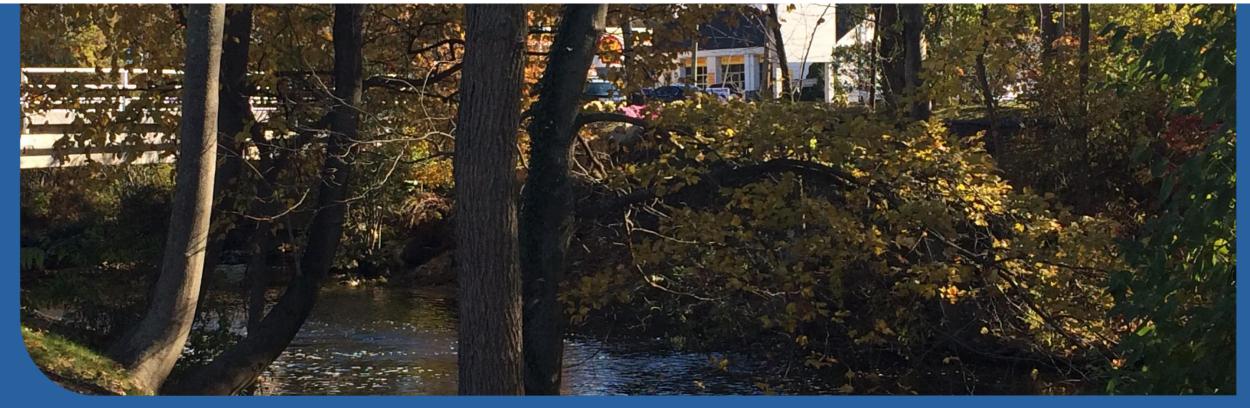








Proposed Approach for Evaluation of Alternatives





Category	Assessment Criteria
Views within, from,	Spatial organization, scale, focal points and park-like experiences
	Egress and access ramps are characteristic of the Parkway (scale, alignment, road-side)
and to Parkway (all	Bridge structures are prominent
user groups)	Distant landscape views beyond right-of-way (pastoral, architecture, scenic vistas)
	Width of roadside adequate for planting
Vegetation and planting design	Frame views, complement bridge structures, and screen unsightly views on road-side
	Specify non-invasive species and palette complementary of Parkway setting
	Seasonal interest and clusters of native and specimen plant species that provide
	contrast between ground plane, understory, and canopy
	Preserves existing buffer, woodlands, mature trees, and meadow
Topography	Built road-side transitions seamlessly into a naturalized vegetation
	Slight to moderate slopes on road-side conducive to views and landscape
Amenities	Design vocabulary is consistent and recognizable as the Parkway
Sustainability	Park-like landscape with ease of access for sustained maintenance
Natural features	Landscape reveals natural resources (watercourses, slopes, woodlands, rocky ledge)
Safety	Planting design and vegetated areas conform to CTDOT safety guidelines



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Views within, from, and to Parkway (all user groups)	Spatial organization, scale, focal points and park-like experiences
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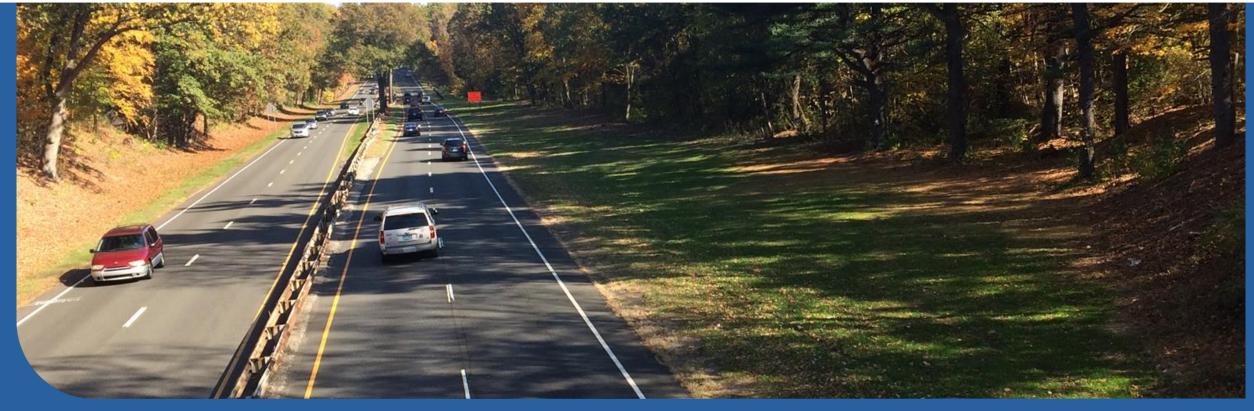
Implementing the Criteria

- Landscape architecture benchmark
- Used in EA/EIE to assess alternatives
- Carried forward into design









Next Steps

- Finalize Phase I/II Report
 - Address comments received to date
- Continue Agency coordination
- Draft EA/EIE by early 2020
 - Distribute for review
- Public Hearing Spring 2020
- Finalize EA/EIE Summer 2020
 - Select Preferred Alternative
- Begin design work/apply landscape criteria







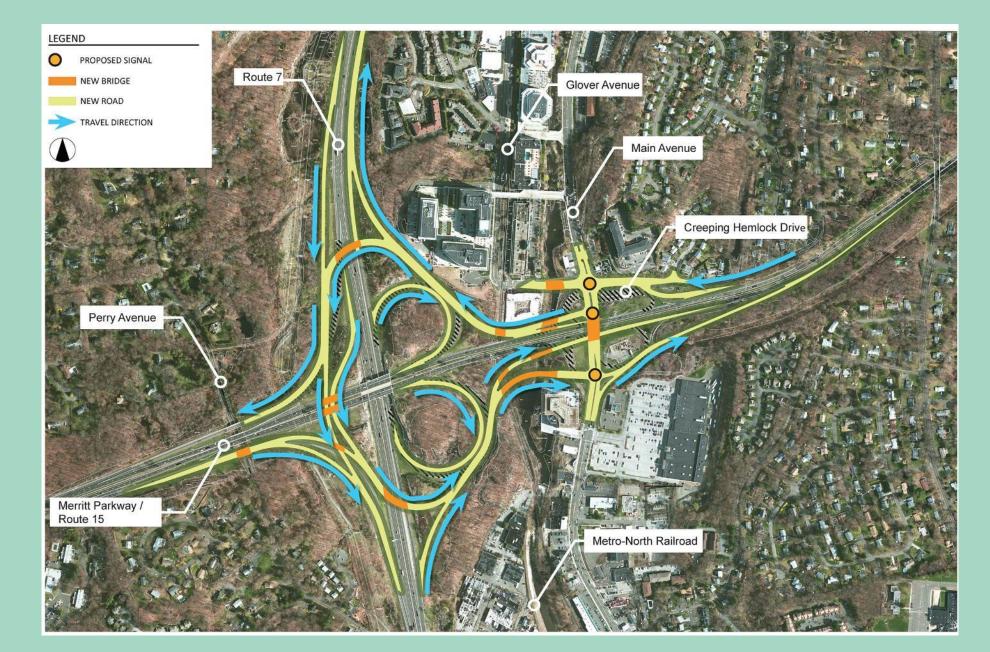
THANK YOU!

Questions?





Alternative 21D





Alternative 26

